# eXample of how to use the form CALCULATION 

The example of the calculation reproduced here is that of a lessor occupying himself one of the three dwellings of his building, the other two are rented at $\$ 1,000.00$ and $\$ 500.00$ per month. All the dwellings are heated at the lessor's expense, who uses electricity as source of energy. Major repairs and improvements were made: some works concern the whole building, others concern the two dwellings above and some are specific to the dwelling of the tenant who pays a rent of $\$ 1,000.00$. We examine here the rent adjustment for this tenant.

The monthly rents of both tenants, in December 2023, are added up and the result is entered in the first box $(\$ 1,000.00+\$ 500.00=\$ 1,500.00)$. Secondly, the lessor estimates at $\$ 1,500.00$ the rent of the dwelling that he occupies; it is the monthly rent usually asked for a dwelling comparable to his in the neighbourhood. The total is calculated ( $\$ 1,500.00+\$ 1,500.00=\$ 3,000.00$ ). Since there are no commercial premises, this amount is multiplied by 12 to obtain, in box A , the building's annual revenue ( $\$ 36,000.00$ ).

The amount of municipal taxes billed for the building for the year 2024 is $\$ 3,600.00$, which represents an increase of $5.8 \%$ from the previous year ( $\$ 3,402.00$ ). The first adjustment calculated according to the difference between the two years is $\$ 198.00$. For school taxes, the difference between the amount of last year ( $\$ 828.00$ ) and the year before ( $\$ 782.46$ ) is equal to $\$ 45.54$, whereas for the insurance, the premium for last year is $\$ 864.00$ in comparison with $\$ 827.71$ for the year before that, which represents an increase of $\$ 36.29$

The cost of electricity for the year 2023 is entered in the appropriate box, then multiplied by the indicated rate ( $\$ 4, \mathbf{3 2 0 . 0 0} \times \mathbf{2 . 8 \%}=\mathbf{\$ 1 2 0 . 9 6}$ ). Likewise, the cost of maintenance for the year 2023 is entered, then multiplied by the indicated rate ( $\$ 4,464.00 \times 7.5 \%=\$ 334.80$ ).

There is no additional service included in the lease. Management costs remain to be calculated. The amount of the expense is set at $5 \%$ of the building's revenue, determined in boxA $(\$ 36,000.00 \times 5 \%=\$ 1,800.00)$. Then, this amount is multiplied by the indicated rate in order to obtain the amount of the adjustment ( $\$ 1,800.00 \times 5.6 \%=\$ 100.80$ ).

The total of the column amount of the expense $(\$ 15,678.00)$ is entered in box $B$ and the total of the column adjustment (\$836.39), in box C.



From the building's annual revenue (box A), we subtract the total of the operating expenses (box B) The difference $(\$ 20,322.00)$ is then multiplied by the indicated rate. The result $(\$ 20,322.00 \times 3.9 \%=\$ 792.56)$ goes in box $D$.

During the year 2023, the lessor has replaced the main entrance door of the building at a cost of $\$ 1,300.00$. This amount is entered in the box and multiplied by the corresponding rate. The result $(\$ 1,300.00 \times 4.8 \%=\$ 62.40)$ goes in box $E$.

The amounts of boxes C, D and E are added up ( $\$ 836.39+\$ 792.56+\$ 62.40=\$ 1,691.35)$, and this sum is divided by the building's revenue (box A). Then, the new result is multiplied by 100 in order to express it in percentage ( $4.70 \%$ ) in box $F$.

In 2023, the lessor has installed new tiles in the tenant's bathroom at the cost of $\$ 750.00$. Furthermore, he has replaced the water heater servicing two tenants at the cost of $\$ 1,000.00$, a portion of which must be attributed to the dwelling; thus, to obtain the amount of expense specific to the dwelling $\$ 500.00$ are added to the $\$ 750.00$ that are considered already ( $\$ 750.00+\$ 500.00=\$ 1,250.00$ ). This amount is multiplied by the indicated rate $(\$ 1,250.00 \times 4.8 \%=\$ 60.00)$, then the result is divided by 12 to establish the monthly amount attributable to the dwelling, that is $\$ 5.00$ (box G).

The monthly rent of the tenant is multiplied by the adjustment rate for the rents of the building, already calculated in box $F(\$ 1,000.00 \times 4.70 \%=\$ 47.00)$. Since there were major repairs and improvements specific to the dwelling, an additional amount of $\$ 5.00$ from box G , is also taken into account. The result $\$ 52.00$ ) is already rounded to the nearest dollar.

NET REVENUE
 MAJOR REPAIRS AND IMPROVEMENTS SPECIFIC TO THE DWELLING


