

The example of the calculation reproduced here is that of a lessor occupying himself one of the three dwellings of his building, the other two are rented at \$1,000.00 and \$500.00 per month. All the dwellings are heated at the lessor's expense, who uses electricity as source of energy. Major repairs and improvements were made: some works concern the whole building, others concern the two dwellings above and some are specific to the dwelling of the tenant who pays a rent of \$1,000.00. We examine here the rent adjustment for this tenant.

BUILDING'S REVENUE

The monthly rents of both tenants, in December 2023, are added up and the result is entered in the first box (\$1,000.00 + \$500.00 = \$1,500.00). Secondly, the lessor estimates at \$1,500.00 the rent of the dwelling that he occupies: it is the monthly rent usually asked for a dwelling comparable to his in the neighbourhood. The total is calculated (\$1,500.00 + \$1,500.00 = \$3,000.00). Since there are no commercial premises, this amount is multiplied by 12 to obtain, in box A, the building's annual revenue (\$36,000.00).

The amount of municipal taxes billed for the building for the year 2024 is \$3,600.00, which represents an increase of 5.8% from the previous year (\$3.402.00). The first adjustment calculated according to the difference between the two years is \$198.00. For school taxes, the difference between the amount of last year (\$828.00) and the year before (\$782.46) is equal to \$45.54, whereas for the insurance, the premium for last year is \$864.00 in comparison with \$827.71 for the year before that, which represents an increase of \$36.29.

The cost of electricity for the year 2023 is entered in the appropriate box, then multiplied by the indicated rate (\$4.320.00 x 2.8% = \$120.96). Likewise, the cost of maintenance for the year 2023 is entered, then multiplied by the indicated rate (\$4,464.00 x 7.5% = \$334.80).

There is no additional service included in the lease. Management costs remain to be calculated. The amount of the expense is set at 5% of the building's revenue, determined in box A (\$36,000.00 x 5% = \$1,800.00). Then, this amount is multiplied by the indicated rate in order to obtain the amount of the adjustment (\$1,800.00 x 5.6% = \$100.80).

The total of the column amount of the expense (\$15,678.00) is entered in box B and the total of the column adjustment (\$836.39), in box C.



BUILDING'S OPERATING EXPENSES

		A	Amou	int of the expense				Adjustment
Taxes M	Nunicipal property taxes :	Year 2024 \$ 3,600.00	-	Year 2023 \$ 3,402.00			=	\$ 198.00
	School taxes :			Year 2023-2024 \$ 828.00	Ye - \$	ar 2022-2023 782.46	=	\$ 45.54
Insuranc	e			December 31, 2023 \$ 864.00	Dece - \$	ember 31, 2022 827.71	=	\$ 36.29
Energy		Electricity : Gas :		Year 2023 \$ 4,320.00 \$	x x	2.8 % -7.3 %	= =	\$ 120.96 \$
Mainten	Heating oil (or other source) :		\$ 4 464 00	x	-10.0 % 7.5 %	=	\$ 334.80
Building	service costs			\$	x	5.3 %	=	\$
Costs of services of a personal nature provided to the lessees (private seniors' residence)			\$	x	6.6 %	=	\$	
Manager	ment costs			\$ 1,800.00	x	5.6 %	=	\$ 100.80
Operatin	g expenses		(Tot B	al of the above boxes) \$ 15,678.00			(Tota	l of the above boxes) \$ 836.39

Continued on the back

From the building's annual revenue (box A), we subtract the total of the operating expenses (box B). The difference (**\$20,322.00**) is then multiplied by the indicated rate. The result (**\$20,322.00 x 3.9% = \$792.56**) goes in box D.

During the year 2023, the lessor has replaced the main entrance door of the building at a cost of 1,300.00. This amount is entered in the box and multiplied by the corresponding rate. The result ($1,300.00 \times 4.8\% = 62.40$) goes in box E.

The amounts of boxes C, D and E are added up (**\$836.39 + \$792.56 + \$62.40 = \$1,691.35**), and this sum is divided by the building's revenue (box A). Then, the new result is multiplied by 100 in order to express it in percentage (**4.70%**) in box F.

In 2023, the lessor has installed new tiles in the tenant's bathroom at the cost of **\$750.00**. Furthermore, he has replaced the water heater servicing two tenants at the cost of **\$1,000.00**, a portion of which must be attributed to the dwelling; thus, to obtain the amount of expense specific to the dwelling, **\$500.00** are added to the **\$750.00** that are considered already (**\$750.00 + \$500.00 = \$1,250.00**). This amount is multiplied by the indicated rate (**\$1,250.00 x 4.8% = \$60.00**), then the result is divided by 12 to establish the monthly amount attributable to the dwelling, that is **\$5.00** (box G).

The monthly rent of the tenant is multiplied by the adjustment rate for the rents of the building, already calculated in box F ($1,000.00 \times 4.70\% = 47.00$). Since there were major repairs and improvements specific to the dwelling, an additional amount of 5.00 from box G, is also taken into account. The result (52.00) is already rounded to the nearest dollar.

NET REVENUE									
A Amount minus amou	unt B : \$20,322.00 x 3.9% = D \$792.56]							
MAJOR REPAIRS AND IMPROVEMENTS RELATED	TO THE WHOLE BUILDING								
Major expenses benefiting the whole building	Year 2023 \$ 1,300.00 x 4.8 % = ≡ \$ 62.40]							
ADJUSTMENT RATE FOR THE RENTS OF THE BUILDING									
(Add amounts C, D, \$ 1,69	and E) (Enter amount ▲) x 100 11.35 ÷ \$36,000.00 = 0.0470 F 4.70	%							
MAJOR REPAIRS AND IMPROVEMENTS SPECIFIC	TO THE DWELLING								
Major expenses specific to the dwelling (Aside from the expenses declared in boxe)	E Year 2023 \$1,250.00 x 4.8% = $$60.00\div 12= G $ 5.00$]]							
RENT ADJUSTMENT FOR THE DWELLING									
Dwelling's monthly rent (before increase) Enter rat	te F : x 4.70% = 47.00 (Enter amount G) + 5.00 = 52.00)]]							
	After rounding off: \$ 52.00	1							